







# $SMCP \\ \text{sandro} \cdot \text{maje} \cdot \text{claudie pierlot} \cdot \text{fursac}$

#### **2023 Full-Year Results**

February 28th, 2024

Isabelle Guichot, CEO

Patricia Huyghues Despointes, CFO

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These risks and uncertainties include those discussed or identified under Chapter 3 "Risk factors and Internal Control" of the Company's Universal Registration Document filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des Marchés Financiers - AMF) on April 11, 2023, and available on SMCP's website (www.smcp.com).

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# FY sales – Sound performance in a particularly challenging macroeconomic environment

**FY Sales** 

€1 231m

+4% constant fx +3% organic **Discount rate** 

**Stabilization** 

Strict full-price strategy

Network

1,730 POS

+47 POS in 2023

- Almost stable performance in H2 in a particularly challenging environment with consumption slowdown and high inflation, after a robust performance in H1 (+8% on an organic basis)
- Full-year positive performance for **Sandro and Other brands, Maje** remains stable vs last year
- Strict full-price strategy with no significant increase of average in-season discount rate vs 2022, after 2 years of decrease and despite competitive environment
- Digital penetration remains at a high level of 22%





# Full-year sales growth driven by APAC, resilience in other regions

2023 FY sales organic growth by region

**FRANCE** 

0%

**EMEA** 

+3%

**AMERICA** 

-3%

**APAC** 

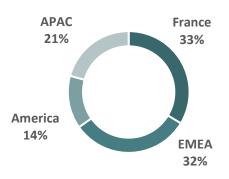
+13%

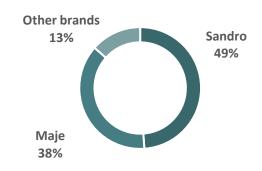
Sales breakdown

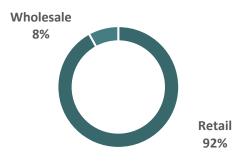
by region

by brand

by channel







# Broadly stable Q4 sales and continued network expansion in a deteriorated macroeconomic environment

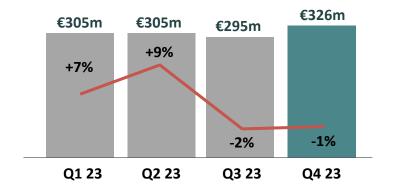
**Q4 Sales** 

€326m

Stable at constant FX -1% organic

- Europe and in particular France impacted by consumption slowdown; China less dynamic than expected
- US more resilient and positive at constant FX
- Homogeneous performance for Sandro and Maje. Tougher quarter for Other brands, more exposed to France
- Network: 26 net openings in Q4

2023 organic sales evolution by quarter





### Impact on profitability, financial strength maintained

Mgt gross margin

**73.8%** of sales

Improvement in H2

Adj. EBIT

€79.5m

6.5% of sales

**Free Cash-Flow** 

€14.4m

Significant cash generation in H2 (23m)

**Net debt** 

€286m

Improvement vs LY



### A year of major achievements in Sustainability



# **Sustainalytics rating** strong improvement vs 2022

#### **SMCProduct**



made with more sustainable material & products

#### **SMCPlanet**



footprint strategy
CDP ASBTi validation

#### **SMCPeople**



D&I Strategy

Deployed

Worldwide

# Brand desirability – Creative marketing strategy and windows

### **Sandro Harrods takeover**



**Maje 25th anniversary celebration** 



### Brand desirability – Creative marketing strategy and collaborations with opinion leaders

### **Claudie Pierlot After ski capsule**

### **Fursac KOL**







## Q4 key openings - America









# Q4 key openings - APAC









# Q4 key partner openings



Riyadh Park, Saudi Arabia



Mercury Tower, Malta









### Recent key digital openings

Own websites



FURSAC

Germany, Spain, and Netherlands

Switzerland, UK and rest of Europe







24S-com

Sandro, Maje and Claudie Pierlot in Spain and Italy Sandro, Maje and CP

Sandro, Maje, CP and Fursac

### SMCP enters India through partnership with Reliance Brands Limited

- India is a high growth potential market
- Strong development of ceremony wear fostering women business
- Unique potential for Sandro and Maje with strong appetite for the Parisian fashion style
- Openings scheduled in H2 2024 in Mumbai and New Delhi







Patricia Huyghues Despointes, CFO

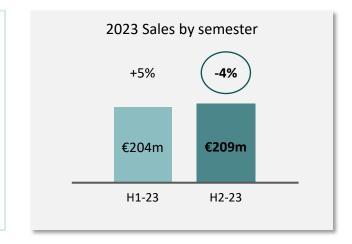
### 2023 Sales performance by region

#### **FRANCE**

€413m

Flat vs 2022

- 2023 sales in line with 2022 sales despite high basis of comparison:
  - H2 impacted by persistent inflation, and traffic slowdown especially in December
  - Positive full-year performance for Sandro and "Other brands"
  - Solid growth in digital sales
- Network: +12 POS in 2023

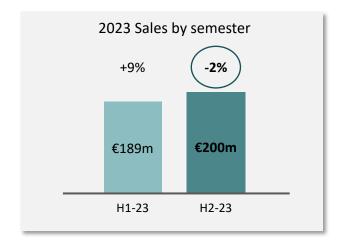


#### **EMEA**

€389m

+3% vs 2022

- Resilient performance of +3% vs 2022, with a strong H1 and H2 impacted by persistent inflation:
  - Sound performance in key EMEA markets despite strong comps (Germany, Spain and Middle-East growing both in H1 and in H2)
  - Tougher year in the UK and in Switzerland due to low tourism flow
  - Positive like-for-like contributing half of annual growth
- Network: +1 POS in 2023



### 2023 Sales performance by region

#### **AMERICA**

€173m

-3% vs 2022

- US sales resilience despite a very challenging environment and after two consecutive years of double-digit growth
  - Sequential improvement in H2 with a positive organic growth in Q4 both in B&M and Digital
  - · Canada back to growth in Q4
- Network +17 POS in 2023



#### **APAC**

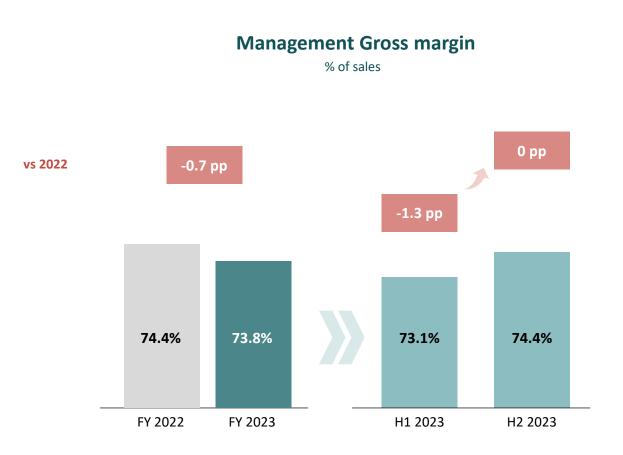
€255m

+13% vs 2022

- FY sales +13% vs 2022 with nearly all markets above 2022
  - Mainland China double-digit organic growth vs LY
  - Good performance in Hong-Kong, Macau, Singapore and Malaysia while Korea and Taiwan slightly below 2022
  - Improvement of discount rate
- Network +17 POS in 2023



# Gross margin - sequential improvement despite a competitive and promotional environment ...

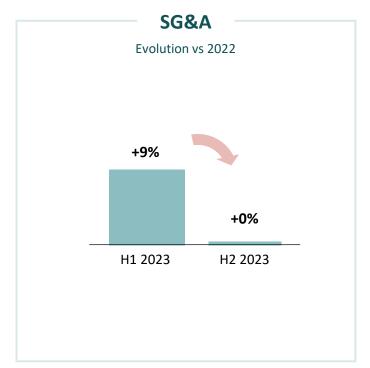


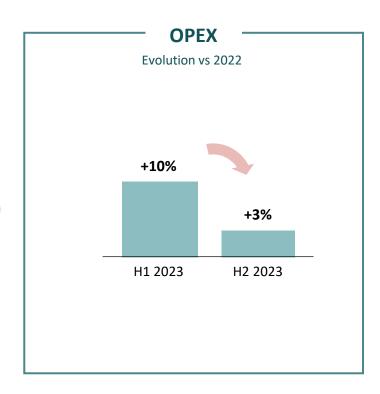
#### **Key highlights**

- Retail GM remains at a very high level
- Improvement in H2 due to rigorous full-price strategy
- In-season discount rate maintained at a very sound level (below 25%), despite competitive and promotional environment

### ... and acceleration of the savings plan throughout the year...



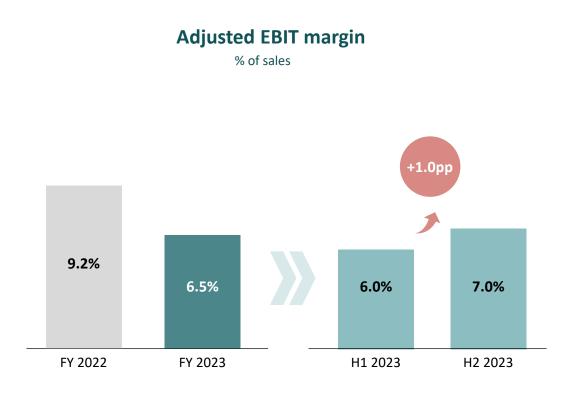




- Inflation impacting rents and staff costs
- More savings delivered than initially planned

All the figures exclude IFRS 16 impacts

## ... leading to an adjusted EBIT improvement in H2



#### **Key highlights**

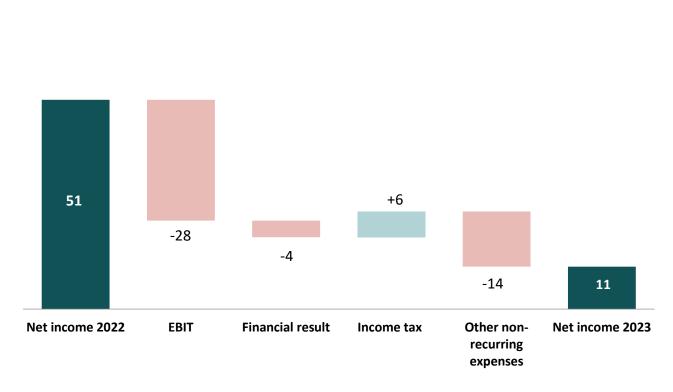
- Improvement of EBIT margin by +1 pp in H2 vs H1
- OPEX deleveraging coming mostly from under-absorption of store costs, while SG&A weight remains well contained thanks to savings plan

All the figures include IFRS 16 impacts

### Net income of €11m; €37m excluding non-cash impacts

#### Net income bridge vs 2022

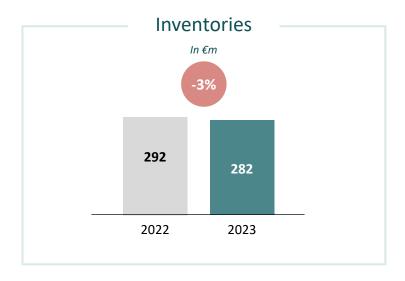


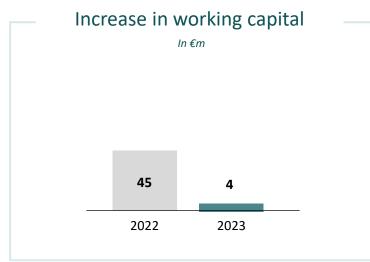


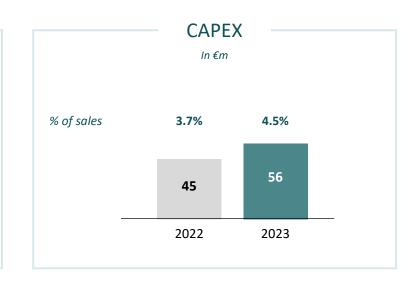
#### **Key highlights**

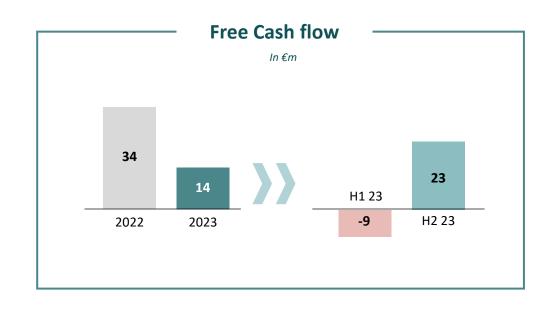
- Financial results impacted by interest rates increase
- 2023 other non-recurring expenses (-€26m, -€14m vs 2022) include impairment of stores (and, to a lower extent, goodwill) with no impact on cash
- Excluding these non-cash impacts, net income stands at
   €37m

### Improvement of cash generation in H2

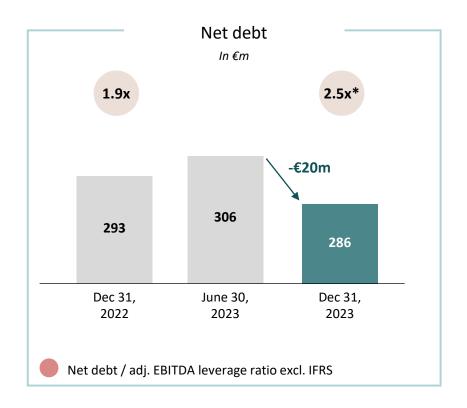








### Year-on-year decrease of Net Financial Debt thanks to FCF generation in H2



in €m	Dec 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2023	New maturity date
Term Loan	154	99	May 2026
RCF (€200m)	-	25	May 2026
State Guaranteed loans	180	161	June 2026-27
Neu CP	25	25	
Overdraft	2	17	
Other debt	7	10	
<b>Gross financial debt</b>	367	337	
Cash and cash equivalents	73	51	_
Net financial debt	293	286	_

\* 2.55x, in line with debt contracts, as waived by the pool of banks



2024 outlook and conclusion

# After a tough 2023, SMCP will accelerate its mid-term action plan to foster growth and protect profitability with 4 key priorities









Improve efficiency



Protect profit, cash and liquidity



# Reignite growth and gain market shares

# Work on brand desirability and constant brand relevance and positioning

Ensure creative momentum

Boost innovation in products and fabrics

Sharpen image and communication leverage

#### **Maximize product offer**

Increase under penetrated categories

Develop brand adjacencies

Develop new categories



#### **Boost digital opportunities**

Seize new opportunities and services

Address local specificities

New platform effectiveness

#### **Enrich our business model**

Accelerate non-retail opportunities

Co-branding initiatives

Integrate organically sustainability



### Mitigate risks across geographies

#### Review our network by geography

- Close dilutive stores across geographies
- China network resizing to adapt to new market conditions (15% of the network closed by 2024)
- Assess our presence or challenge our business model in low contributive countries (Nordics)





# Accelerate opportunities with partners (lighter Capex format)

- Accelerate Middle-East momentum
- India opening in 2024
- Other countries negotiation ongoing (South America)
- Crossborder digital
- Travel Retail format roll-out



# Review of cost structure and organization across our portfolio of brands

- Go deeper in mutualizing processes across our portfolio of brands
- Perform a thorough contract review on all spending categories



#### Be more efficient in inventory management

- Controlled number of SKUs / Tracking low productive SKU
- Tighter buying
- Better planning, clustering and forecasting



#### **Challenge ways of working in projects**

- Optimize store capex
- Gain in agility in IT projects







## Protect profit, cash flow and liquidity

# Continue the focus on OPEX control

#### From a one-off approach to recurrent savings

- Continue OPEX monitoring according to market context
- Structural savings initiated
- Full effect of recurrent savings expected next year

# Challenge our organizations to unleash a more profitable growth for smaller brands

- Bring Group support for growth while maintaining as much agility as possible
- Re-activate less Capex-intensive business model with partners and wholesale

# Prioritize the most productive investments to boost sales/sqm

- Focus investments on most productive channels (corners)
- Optimize store format (size, popup)
- Smart relocations

# Protect FCF generation

- Increase Capex control in 2024 in an unsupportive market context
- Continue strict monitoring of inventories
- Continue to decrease Net Financial Debt

### Conclusion

- A management team fully committed to deliver the action plan combining significant savings and new development opportunities
  - Initial benefits expected in 2024 with full effect from 2025
  - Update on mid-term plan will be provided during next publication (end of April)
- A tough context in 2023, which is likely to last in 2024, especially in H1
- Considering the lack of visibility on the timing of inflection of consumer demand, no financial guidance for 2024





# Next financial publications and events

April 25, 2024

2024 Q1 Sales

June 6, 2024

**Annual Shareholders Meeting** 

July 25, 2024

2024 H1 Results





# Quarterly net sales by region and by brand

In €m	Q1-22	Q1-23	Reported $\%$	Organic %	Q2-22	Q2-23	Reported %	Organic $\%$	Q3-22	Q3-23	Reported %	Organic %	Q4-22	Q4-23	Reported %	Organic %	FY-22	FY-23	Reported $\%$	Organic %
									•				•	•				•	_	
France	93,7	106,0	+13,1%	+13,1%	101,0	98,0	-3,0%	-3,0%	99,1	97,5	-1,6%	-1,6%	119,8	111,7	-6,7%	-6,7%	413,6	413,2	-0,1%	-0,1%
EMEA	83,1	88,6	+6,6%	+7,0%	90,3	100,6	+11,4%	+11,6%	98,6	96,5	-2,2%	-2,0%	105,0	103,2	-1,7%	-2,0%	377,0	388,8	+3,1%	+3,2%
America	38,6	39,0	+1,0%	-2,5%	44,5	41,3	-7,2%	-4,8%	49,0	42,7	-12,9%	-6,5%	52,2	50,4	-3,5%	+1,3%	184,3	173,4	-6,0%	-3,0%
APAC	67,6	71,0	+5,1%	+2,7%	46,6	65,5	+40,4%	+43,1%	61,6	58,2	-5,6%	+1,2%	55,0	60,5	+10,0%	+11,3%	230,9	255,2	+10,6%	+12,5%
Total	283,0	304,6	+7,6%	+6,7%	282,4	305,3	+8,1%	+8,7%	308,4	294,9	-4,4%	-2,0%	332,0	325,8	-1,9%	-1,0%	1 205,8	1 230,5	+2,1%	+2,9%
Sandro	134,1	146,0	+8,9%	+7,8%	132,7	149,5	+12,7%	+13,4%	150,2	143,3	-4,6%	-2,2%	165,0	162,6	-1,5%	-0,4%	582,0	601,4	+3,3%	+4,2%
Maje	112,2	113,8	+1,5%	+0,4%	111,7	114,6	+2,6%	+3,4%	119,9	112,4	-6,3%	-3,2%	123,6	121,6	-1,6%	-0,6%	467,4	462,5	-1,1%	-0,0%
Other brands	36,8	44,8	+21,7%	+21,8%	37,9	41,1	+8,3%	+8,2%	38,3	39,2	+2,3%	+2,4%	43,4	41,6	-4,2%	-4,4%	156,4	166,6	+6,5%	+6,5%
Total	283,0	304,6	+7,6%	+6,7%	282,4	305,3	+8,1%	+8,7%	308,4	294,9	-4,4%	-2,0%	332,0	325,8	-1,9%	-1,0%	1 205,8	1 230,5	+2,1%	+2,9%

Organic sales growth: at constant currency & Scope

Other brands: Claudie Pierlot and Fursac

### Breakdown of POS

### Directly operated stores

Number of DOS	2022	Q1-23	H1-23	Q3-23	2023	Q4-23 variation	FY-23 variation
By region							
France	460	456	463	463	472	+9	+12
EMEA	395	391	399	401	409	+8	+14
America	166	164	167	171	176	+5	+10
APAC	259	305	301	314	316	+2	+57 *
By brand							
Sandro	551	569	575	583	591	+8	+40
Maje	457	476	477	485	490	+5	+33
Claudie Pierlot	201	203	206	206	210	+4	+9
Suite 341	2	-	-	-	-	-	-2
Fursac	69	68	72	75	82	+7	+13
Total DOS	1 280	1 316	1 330	1 349	1 373	+24	+93 *

### Total points of sale

Number of POS	2022	Q1-23	H1-23	Q3-23	2023	Q4-23 variation	FY-23 variation
By region							
France	461	457	464	464	473	+9	+12
EMEA	552	505	520	540	553	+13	+1
America	198	196	200	209	215	+6	+17
APAC	472	477	474	491	489	-2	+17
By brand							
Sandro	752	733	744	765	775	+10	+23
Maje	627	611	615	633	640	+7	+13
Claudie Pierlot	233	223	227	231	233	+2	-
Suite 341	2	-	-	-	-	-	-2
Fursac	69	68	72	75	82	+7	+13
Total POS	1 683	1 635	1 658	1 704	1 730	+26	+47
o/w Partners POS	403	319	328	355	357	+2	-46 *

### Income statement

€m - IFRS	FY-22	FY-23
Sales	1 205,8	1 230,5
Gross Margin <sup>2</sup>	769,2	775,2
Other operating income and expenses	-242,8	-259,1
Personnel costs	-259,9	-279,7
Adjusted <sup>3</sup> EBITDA	266,6	236,4
Depreciation and amortization expenses	-156,1	-156,9
Adjusted <sup>3</sup> EBIT	110,5	79,5
Allocation of LTIP	-5,6	-3,0
EBIT	104,9	76,5
Other non-recurring income and expenses	-12,4	-25,9
Operating profit	92,5	50,5
Financial Result	-23,8	-27,9
Profit before tax from continuing operations	68,7	22,6
Income tax	-17,4	-11,4
Net income (Loss) of fully consolidated companies	51,3	11,2
Attributable to owners of the parent	51,3	11,2
Attributable to minority interests	0,0	0,0
Net income - Group share	51,3	11,2
Net Income excl. GW & Right of use impairments	51,3	11,2
EPS	0,68	0,15
Number of ordinary shares	75,1	75,1
EPS diluted	0,65	0,14
Number of ordinary shares	79,2	78,4

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross margin corresponds to sales after deduction of cost of sales and commissions paid to the department stores and affiliates. The company uses and monitors as an operational KPI the gross margin before commissions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Before LTIP impact

# Balance sheet – Assets (1/2)

BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS (€m) - IFRS	As of Dec. 31, 2022	As of Dec. 31, 2023
Goodwill	626,3	626,7
Trademarks, other intangible & right-of-use assets	1 128,5	1 120,4
Property, plant and equipment	82,5	83,1
Non-current financial assets	18,7	18,5
Deferred tax assets	35,7	32,0
Non-current assets	1 891,7	1 880,7
Inventories and work in progress	291,6	281,8
Accounts receivables	62,9	68,2
Other receivables	61,4	69,2
Cash and cash equivalents	73,3	50,9
Current assets	489,2	470,1
Total Assets	2 380,9	2 350,8

# Balance sheet – Equity and liabilities (2/2)

BALANCE SHEET - EQUITY & LIABILITIES (€m) - IFRS	As of Dec. 31, 2022	As of Dec. 31, 2023
Share capital	83,9	83,9
Share premium	949,6	949,5
Reserves and retained earnings	146,4	151,7
Treasury shares	-7,7	-5,0
Total Equity	1 172,1	1 180,1
Non-current lease liabilities	302,9	305,7
Non-current financial debt	261,9	223,5
Other financial liabilities	0,1	0,1
Provisions and other non-current liabilities	0,7	0,7
Net employee defined benefit liabilities	4,2	4,9
Deferred tax liabilities	169,2	166,9
Non-current liabilities	739,0	701,8
Trade and other payables	171,8	161,9
Current lease liabilities	100,0	106,6
Bank overdrafts and short-term financial borrowings and debt	104,2	113,6
Short-term provisions	1,6	1,3
Other current liabilities	92,2	85,5
Current liabilities	469,8	468,9
Total Liabilities	2 380,9	2 350,8

# Net financial debt

NET FINANCIAL DEBT (€m)	As of Dec. 31, 2022	As of Dec. 31, 2023
Non current financial debt & other financial liabilities	-262,0	-223,6
Bank overdrafts and short-term financial liability	-104,2	-113,6
Cash and cash equivalents	73,3	50,9
Net financial debt	-292,9	-286,3
LTM adjusted EBITDA (excl. IFRS & IAS 38)	151,3	112,4
Net financial debt / adjusted EBITDA	1,9x	2,5x

## Other indicators<sup>1</sup>

€m	FY 22	FY 23
Management margin	897,5	907,9
% of sales	74,4%	73,8%
Direct costs of points of sales	(514,5)	(552,0)
% of sales	-42,7%	-44,9%
Retail margin	383,0	355,9
% of sales	31,8%	28,9%
SG&A	(237,4)	(247,7)
% of sales	-19,7%	-20,1%
IFRS 16 Impacts	120,9	128,2
% of sales	10,0%	10,4%
Adjusted EBITDA*	266,5	236,4
% of sales	22,1%	19,2%

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on management accounts

<sup>\*</sup> Before LTIP impact

# Adj. EBITDA by brand

FY-22	FY-23	var
266,6	236,4	-11,3%
137,5	130,0	-5,4%
113,5	100,5	-11,5%
15,5	5,9	-62,1%
22,1%	19,2%	-2,9 pt
23,6%	21,6%	-2,0 pt
24,3%	21,7%	-2,6 pt
9,9%	3,5%	-6,4 pt
	266,6 137,5 113,5 15,5 22,1% 23,6% 24,3%	266,6       236,4         137,5       130,0         113,5       100,5         15,5       5,9         22,1%       19,2%         23,6%       21,6%         24,3%       21,7%

### Cash-flow statement

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (€m) - IFRS	FY-22	FY-23
Adjusted EBIT <sup>1</sup>	110,5	79,5
D&A	156,1	156,9
Changes in working capital	-45,4	-3,7
Income tax expense	-12,2	-16,9
Net cash flow from operating activities	208,9	215,8
Capital expenditure	-44,5	-55,6
Others	-	-6,1
Net cash flow from investing activities	-44,5	-61,7
Treasury shares purchase program	-7,4	-2,4
Change in borrowings and debt	-85,0	-43,6
Net interests paid	-9,9	-16,3
Other financial income and expenses	0,5	-0,8
Reimbursement of rent lease	-120,9	-128,2
Net cash flow from financing activities	-222,7	-191,3
Net foreign exchange difference	0,2	-0,5
Change in net cash	-58,1	-37,7

(1) Before LTIP impact

### Free cash-flow

FCF (€m) - IFRS	FY-22	FY-23
Adjusted EBIT <sup>1</sup>	110,5	79,5
D&A	156,1	156,9
Change in working capital	-45,4	-3,7
Income tax	-12,2	-16,9
Net cash flow from operating activities	208,9	215,8
Capital expenditure	-44,5	-55,6
Reimbursement rent lease	-120,9	-128,2
Interest & Other Financial	-9,4	-17,1
Other & FX	0,2	-0,5
Free cash-flow	34,3	14,4

(1) Before LTIP impact

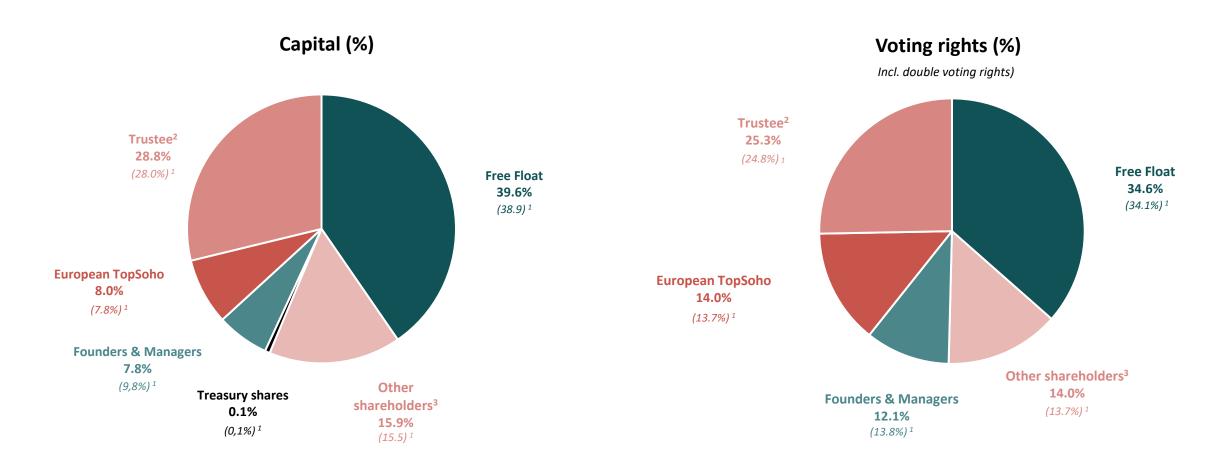
# Working capital

€m	FY-22	FY-23
Inventories and work in progress	291,6	281,8
Trade receivables	62,9	68,2
Trade payables excluding fixed asset suppliers	-152,9	-145,6
Operational working capital	201,6	204,4
Other receivables	60,5	59,7
Other payables	-84,4	-76,0
Working capital	177,7	188,1
Change in working capital	-45,4	-3,7

## IFRS 16 impacts on key financial parameters

€m	FY-23	IFRS 16	FY-23
	Excl. IFRS	impacts	Incl. IFRS
P&L			
Adjusted EBITDA	108,2	128,2	236,4
D&A	-46,6	-110,3	-156,9
Adjusted EBIT	61,6	17,9	79,5
Other non-recurring expenses	-25,2	-0,7	-25,9
Financial result	-16,6	-11,3	-27,9
Income tax	-10,1	-1,3	-11,4
Net income	6,7	4,5	11,2
Balance sheet			
Trademarks, other intangible & right-of-use assets	761,7	358,7	1 120,4
Deferred tax	-144,1	9,2	-134,9
Total equity	1 210,0	-29,9	1 180,1
Trade and other payables	168,7	-6,8	161,9
Total lease liabilities	0,0	-412,3	-412,3
Other current liabilities	93,2	-7,7	85,5
Net debt	-286,3	-412,3	-698,6

### Shareholding structure and voting rights as of December 31st, 2023



The share capital of the Company is composed of 76,288,530 shares (including 697,343 Free Preferred Shares)

Assuming conversion of all the Free Preferred Shares into ordinary shares, the share capital of the Company would be composed of up to 78,326,926 shares

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Post conversion of all the Free Preferred Shares and excluding LTIP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Glas SAS (London Branch), Trustee under exchangeable bonds issued by European TopSoho secured with shares of SMCP representing approximately 37% of SMCP's share capital, has taken possession of 29% of the capital on October 28, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> To date, the company has not been informed of the identity of the current holder(s) of the 12,106,939 shares transferred by European TopSoho S.à r.l., as no declaration of threshold crossing (statutory or legal) has been made to the Company or to the Autorité des marchés financiers and as these shares are bearer shares. GLAS has nevertheless indicated in a communication dated December 8, 2021 that it has obtained a freezing order against European TopSoho S.à r.l. and Dynamic Treasure Group Ltd, the initial transferee, prohibiting any further transfer of these shares.